

## Math 3200: Intro to Topology – Homework 2

Due (at the start of class): Thursday, January 21

**This assignment has 5 questions for a total of 60 points.**

1. (10 points) Fix real numbers  $a < b$ , and let  $\mathcal{F}$  be the set of all continuous functions  $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ . For  $f, g \in \mathcal{F}$ , define

$$d(f, g) := \int_a^b |f(x) - g(x)| dx.$$

Using appropriate theorems from calculus, prove that  $(\mathcal{F}, d)$  is a metric space.

In the problems below, let  $d$  denote the standard Euclidean distance function on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

2. (10 points) If  $p, q \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,  $p \neq q$ , and  $r = \frac{1}{2}d(p, q)$ , prove that

$$\overline{B}(p, r) \cap B(q, r) = \emptyset.$$

3. (10 points) Suppose  $p, q \in \mathbb{R}^n$  are such that  $p \neq q$ . Prove that there exists  $r > 0$  such that

$$\overline{B}(p, r) \cap \overline{B}(q, r) = \emptyset$$

4. (10 points) For  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $0 \leq t \leq 1$ , set  $p := x + t(y - x)$ . Prove that

$$d(x, p) + d(p, y) = d(x, y).$$

5. Let  $d$  be the standard Euclidean distance on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  (as above), and let  $d_T$  be the *taxicab* distance function on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  defined by

$$d_T(x, y) = |x_1 - y_1| + |x_2 - y_2|, \quad \text{for } x = (x_1, x_2) \text{ and } y = (y_1, y_2).$$

- (a) (10 points) Prove that for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^2$  one has:

$$\frac{1}{2} d_T(x, y) \leq d(x, y) \leq \sqrt{2} d_T(x, y).$$

(*Hint:* Think about the maximum metric  $d_M$ .)

- (b) (10 points) Let  $A$  be a subset of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Prove that  $A$  is open in the metric space  $(\mathbb{R}^2, d)$  if and only if  $A$  is open in the metric space  $(\mathbb{R}^2, d_T)$ .